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UN38.3 试验概要 UN38.3 Test Summary



812000200533524

	单位信息 Com	pany information	
委托单位 Consignor	麦克赛尔亚洲有限公司 Maxe 香港九龙长沙湾道 909 号 13 标 Wan Road, Cheung Sha Wan, K 00852-27309243 des	娄03B-06 室 Unit Nos. 03B	-06, 13F, No. 909 Cheung Sha www.maxell.com.hk
生产单位 Manufacturer	麦克赛尔株式会社 Maxell.Ltd 京都府乙訓郡大山崎町大山 Otokuni-gun, Kyoto 81759564140 fre	崎小泉1番地 1 Koizumi d@whm.com.cn	www.maxell.co.jp
测试单位 Test lab	上海化工院检测有限公司 Co., Ltd. 中国.上海.普陀区云岭东路 34 China 200062 86-21-31765555 ba		
	电池信息 Ba	ttery information	
名称 Name	不可充电锂电池	品牌 Brand	Maxell
型号 Type	CR2032	原始测试型号 Original tested type	1
标称电压(V) Nominal voltage	3	容量/能量 Capacity/energy	220mAh
描述 Description	不可充电锂金属电池芯 Primary Li-metal cell	锂含量(g) Li content	0.07
质量(kg) Mass	0.00298	外观 Appearance	银色钮扣状金属外壳 silvery button metal shell
	测试信息	Fest information	
原报告编号 Original test report No.	1120020126	测试报告日期 Date of test report	2020-03-27
测试标准 Test standard	联合国《关于危险货物运输 册》第38.3章 UNITED NATI the TRANSPORT OF DANG of Tests and Criteria 38.3	ST/SG/AC.10/11/Rev.6/Ame nd.1	
T.1 高度模拟 Altitude simulation	合格 Passed	T.2 温度测试 Thermal test	合格 Passed
T.3 振动测试 Vibration	合格 Passed	T.4 冲击测试 Shock	合格 Passed
T.5 外部短路 External short circuit	合格 Passed	T.6 挤压 Crush	合格 Passed
T.7 过度充电 Overcharge	1	T.8 强制放电 Forced discharge	合格 Passed
38.3.3 (f)	/	38.3.3 (g)	/

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-验证码:957437-

报告结束

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

The batteries are exempt articles and are not subject to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard Requirement. This sheet is provided as technical information only. The information and recommendations set forth are made in good faith and are believed to be accurate as of the date of preparation. However, **Maxell makes no warranty expressed or implied.**

Section 1 - 1 roduct and company identification			
Product Name	Sizes	zes:Date of preparationAllJan. 1, 2020	
Coin Type Lithium Manganese Dioxide Battery (CR)	AI	I	Jan. 1, 2020
Company:	-	Telepl	hone Numbers:
Maxell, Ltd., Energy Division		81-(0)794-63-8054	
Address (Number, Street, City, State, and ZIP Code):		Fax Numbers:	
5, Takumidai, Ono-shi, Hyogo 675-1322, Japan		81-(0)794-63-8445	

Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

Section 2 - Hazards Identification

This contains lithium, organic solvent, and other combustible materials. For this reason, improper handling of the battery could lead to distortion, leakage*, overheating, explosion, or fire and cause human injury or equipment trouble. Please strictly observe safety instructions. (* Leakage is defined as an unintended escape of liquid from a battery.)

Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

Ingredient	CAS#	Content (wt %)
Manganese Dioxide (MnO2)	1313-13-9	15 to 40
Propylene Carbonate (C ₄ H ₆ O ₃)	108-32-7	2 to 6
1,2-Dimethoxyethane (C ₄ H ₁₀ O ₂)	110-71-4	1 to 5
Lithium Perchlorate (LiClO ₄)	7791-03-9	0.1 to 1.5
Lithium or Lithium Alloy (Li)	7439-93-2	1 to 5
Carbon (C)	7782-42-5	1 to 4

Lithium content for each cell

		0	
Model	Li content (g)	Model	Li content (g)
CR1216	0.008	CR2016	0.03
CR1220	0.011	CR2025	0.05
CR1616	0.02	CR2032	0.07
CR1620	0.025	CR2032H	0.07
CR1632	0.04		

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

None unless internal materials exposure. If contents are leaked out, observe following instructions.

Inhalation	Fumes can cause respiratory irritation. Remove to fresh air and		
	consult a physician.		
Skin	Immediately flush skin with plenty of water. If itch or irritation by		
	chemical burn persists, consult a physician.		
Eyes	Immediately flush eye with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.		
	Consult a physician immediately.		
Ingestion	If swallowing a battery, consult a physician immediately.		
	If contents come into mouth, immediately rinse by plenty of water		
	and consult a physician.		

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media	Extinguisher of alkaline metal fire is effective.			
	Plenty of cold water is also effective to cool the			
	surrounding area and control the spread fire. But			
	hydrogen gas may be evolved by the reaction of water and lithium and it can form an explosive mixture. Therefore in			
	the case that lots of lithium metal batteries are burning in a confined space, use a smothering agent (e.g. carbon dioxide or dry sand).			
Fire fighting procedure	Use self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective			
	gear not to inhale harmful gas.			

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

If the battery releases liquid, wipe it with a dry cloth. Keep the battery away from fire or heat.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

- 1) Handling
- Never swallow.

If a battery is accidentally swallowed, see Section 4 - First Aid Measures.

• Never charge.

The battery is not designed to be charged by any electrical source. Charging can generate gas and internal short-circuiting, leading to distortion, leakage, overheating, explosion or fire.

• Never heat.

Heating the battery to more than 100 deg. C can increase the internal pressure, causing distortion, leakage, overheating, explosion or fire.

• Never expose to naked flames.

Exposing to naked flames can cause the lithium metal to melt, causing the battery to catch fire and explode.

• Never disassemble or deform.

Disassembly or deforming the battery can cause leakage, overheating, explosion or fire due to internal short-circuits.

Never reverse the positive and negative terminals when inserting in electrical equipment.

Inserting the battery incorrectly can lead to short-circuiting, charging or forced-discharging. This can cause distortion, leakage, overheating, explosion or fire.

• Never short-circuit the battery.

Do not allow the positive and negative terminals to short-circuit. Never carry or store the battery with metal objects such as necklaces or hairpins. Do not take multiple batteries out of the package and stack or mix them when storing. Otherwise, this can lead to distortion, leakage, overheating, explosion or fire.

• Never weld the terminals or weld wire to the body of the battery.

The heat of welding or soldering can cause the lithium to melt or cause damage to the insulating material in the battery. This can cause distortion, leakage, overheating, explosion or fire.

• Never use different batteries together.

Using different batteries together, i.e. different types or old/used and new or those of different manufacturers, can cause distortion, leakage, overheating, explosion or fire because of the differences in battery properties. Please consult Maxell before designing devices that use two or more batteries connected in a series or parallel, even with the same battery type.

• Never touch liquid leaking from a battery.

If the liquid enters the eyes or mouth, see Section 4 - First Aid Measures.

• Never allow battery liquid to come into contact with a naked flame.

If leakage or a strong odor is detected, keep the battery away from all naked flames. The leaked liquid is inflammable.

• Never attach a battery to the skin.

Attaching a battery to the skin using tape, etc. should be avoided. Moisture from the skin can cause battery discharge, which can produce certain chemical substances that burn the skin.

2) Storage

Never let the battery contact with water. Never store the battery in hot and high humid place.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls, Personal Protection

Respiratory Protection	NA
Ventilation	NA
Eye Protection	NA
Protective Gloves	NA
Other protective clothing	NA

Section 9 - Physical/Chemical Characteristics

Coin shape with primary cell of 3V nominal voltage

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Stable (Performance deterioration depends on circumstance.)
Incompatibility: Water
Hazardous polymerization: Will not occur.
Condition to avoid: See section 7.
Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts: Hydrogen (By moisture)

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

As the contents are sealed in the battery case, there is no toxicity.

Section 12 - Ecological Information

If the battery is disposed of on land or in water, the battery case may corrode and liquid leak from the battery. Ecological information has not been reported.

Section 13 - Disposal condition

The battery may be regulated by national or local regulation. Please follow the instructions of proper regulation. As electric capacity is left in a discarded battery and it comes into contact with other metals, it could lead to distortion, leakage, overheating, or explosion, so make sure to cover the (+) and (-) terminals with friction tape or some other insulator before disposal.

Section 14 - Transportation Information

1) Shipping Name (UN Number): Lithium metal batteries (UN3090)

Lithium metal batteries packed with equipment (UN3091) Lithium metal batteries contained in equipment (UN3091)

- 2) Hazard Classification: Class 9 (Miscellaneous)
- 3) Method of transportation: As the cells are manufactured under a quality management program in an ISO9001 certified factory and the cells meet all the requirements of a UN

manual of tests and criteria, Part III, sub-section 38.3, the applicable packing instructions (PI) or special provisions (SP) are as per the following table.

The cells or batteries classified in Section II of any Packing Instruction or SP 188 may be exempted from Class 9 Dangerous Goods if complying with all requirements of applicable Section II or SP 188. But lithium metal cells and batteries transported as cargo are restricted to Cargo Aircraft Only.

Note. This does not apply to lithium metal batteries packed with equipment (PI 969) or contained in equipment (PI 970).

		Air *See Section 15 4)			Sea
Li content per cell	Product name	Cell only	Cell packed with equipment	Cell contained in equipment	*See Section 15 5)
not more than 0.3 g	CR1216, CR1220, CR1616, CR1620, CR1632, CR2016, CR2025, CR2032, CR2032H	PI968 Section II	PI969 Section II	PI970 Section II	SP188
more than 0.3 g but not more than 1 g	(No)	PI968 Section IB (8 or less cells: Section II)	PI969 Section II	PI970 Section II	SP188
more than 1 g	(No)	PI968 Section IA	PI969 Section I	PI970 Section I	SP230

As specific districts, countries and airlines may establish their own special requirements, the shipper must confirm requirements with the forwarder in advance.

Please confirm the aggregate lithium content when transport the battery.

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

Major applicable regulations for the transportation of lithium metal cells and batteries are as follows:

- UN(United Nations) Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods: Model Regulations 20th revised edition
- UN(United Nations) Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods: Manual of Test and Criteria
- International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO): Technical Instructions for Safety Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air, 2019-2020 Edition
- 4) International Air Transport Association (IATA): Dangerous Goods Regulations, 61st Edition
- 5) International Maritime Organization (IMO): International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG) Code, 2018 Edition

Major environmental regulations are as follows:

- 1) EU Battery Directive 2006/66/EC(2013/56/EU)
- 2) California Code of regulations, Title 22, Division 4.5, Chapter 33: Best Management Practices for Perchlorate Materials

Section 16 - Other Information

If you want further information, please contact Maxell sales representative.

